

CONAMA LOCAL
TOLEDO 2019

02
ABR

04
ABR

ENCUENTRO DE PUEBLOS Y CIUDADES
POR LA SOSTENIBILIDAD

CAMPO Y CIUDAD AGENDA GLOBAL



LAS TRES ESCALAS DE LA TRANSICIÓN ENERGÉTICA MUNICIPAL

Escala de barrio; distritos de energía positiva (PED)

Proyecto MAKING CITY

Emilio Miguel Mitre, GBCe (Green Building Council E





GBCE ESTÁ TRANSFORMANDO LOS EDIFICIOS EN LOS QUE VIVIMOS, TRABAJAMOS Y NOS RELACIONAMOS, PARA HACERLOS COMPATIBLES CON LOS OBJETIVOS DE DESARROLLO SOSTENIBLE

ÚNETE

QUIÉNES SOMOS

GBCE

GBCe es una asociación sin ánimo de lucro que reúne a **representantes de todos los agentes del sector de la edificación** con el fin de contribuir a la transformación del mercado hacia una **edificación más sostenible**.

La Asociación GBCe, o Consejo para la Edificación Sostenible de España, es una organización autónoma afiliada a la Asociación Internacional, sin ánimo de lucro, "World Green Building Council", WorldGBC, de la cual constituye el Consejo Español.



www.gbce.es

Green Building Council España

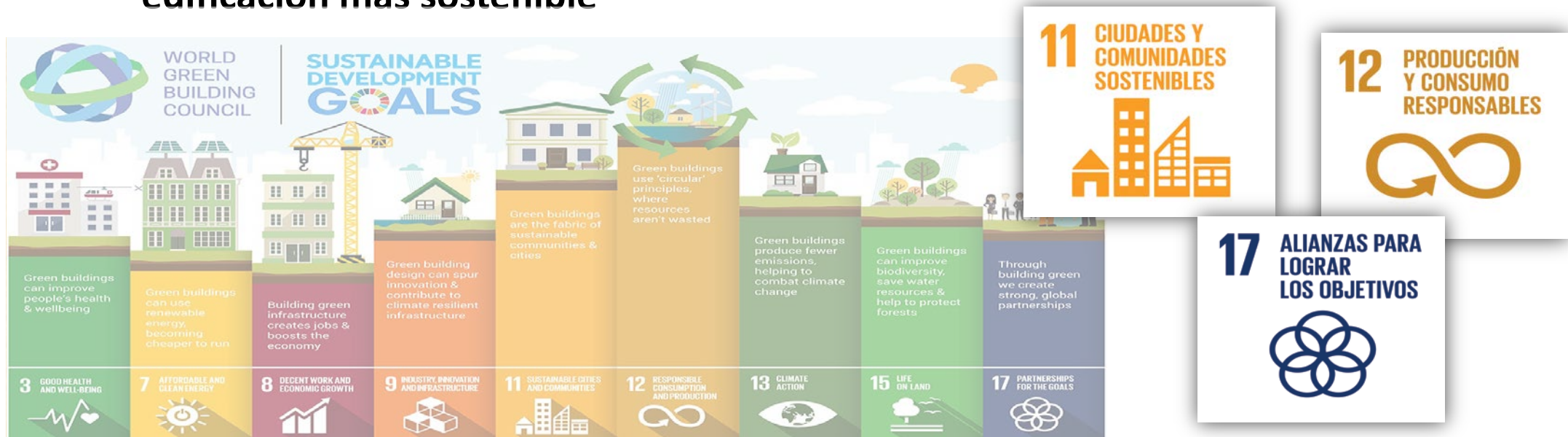
GBCe es la **Asociación de Edificación Sostenible**, sin ánimo de lucro, en



la que **todos los agentes del sector de la edificación están representados**

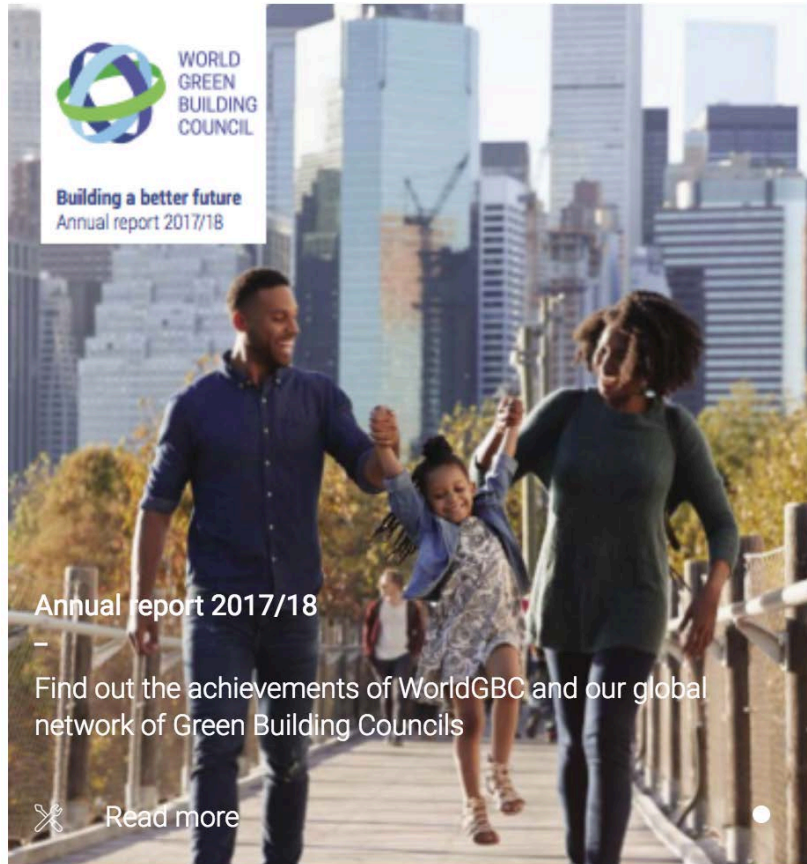
Comparte la misión de contribuir a la **transformación del mercado** hacia una **edificación más sostenible**

Se posiciona como **Referente** de la **Edificación Sostenible** en





Somos parte de un movimiento global - WorldGBC



WORLD GREEN BUILDING COUNCIL

Alianzas de World GBC



10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production patterns



Building Efficiency Accelerator
Building Efficiency Accelerator (BEA)



Global Alliance for Buildings and Construction

The Global Alliance for Buildings and Construction (GABC)

Construcción y uso de edificios en la UE



40%

CO₂

35%



50%



30%

35% residuos

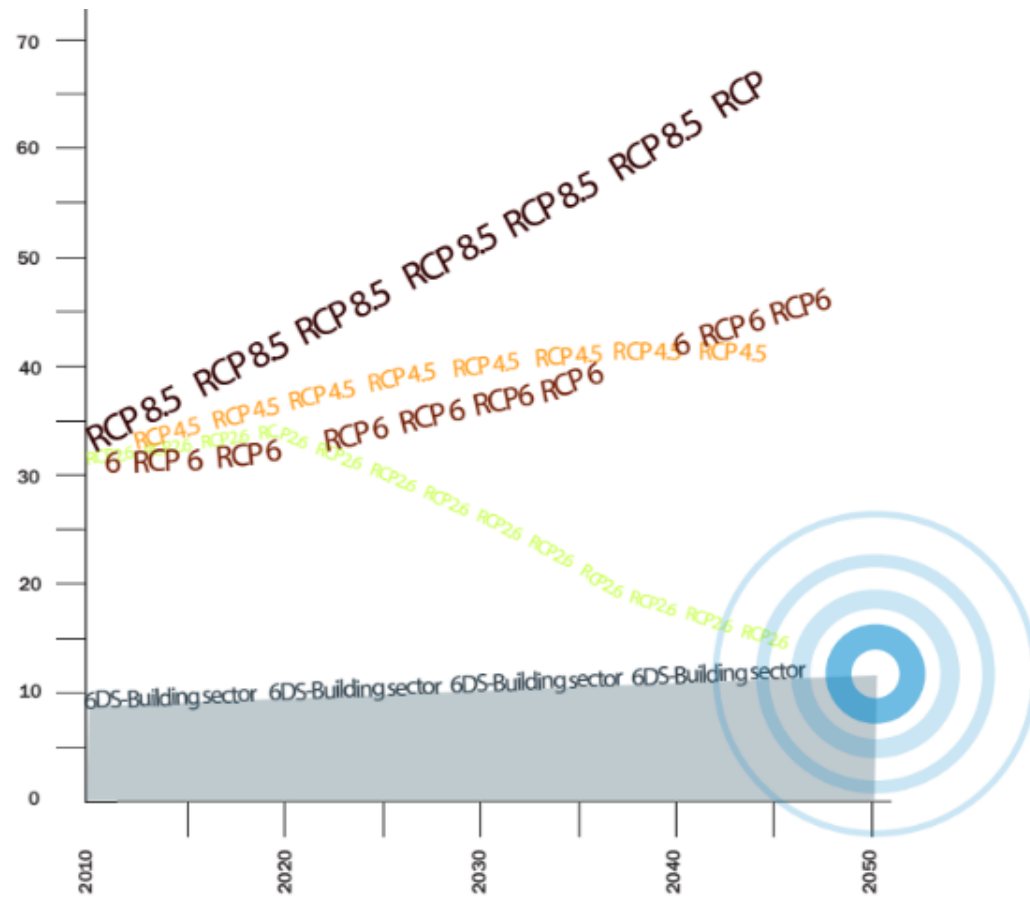
54% de demolición a vertedero



Con las tendencias actuales, el sector producirá en 2050 todas las emisiones globales que permite para ese año el escenario de aumento de 2°C de temperatura

No es posible alcanzar los escenarios más deseables de cambio climático con el actual sector de la edificación

Evolución anual de emisiones de CO2 globales y del sector de la edificación (Mundial, 2010-2050)



6DS and 2DS are different scenarios defined by IEA

Units: GtCO₂/year

Sources: Elaborated by Report authors on the base of IEA (2013a); IPCC (2014)



Impulsar políticas de sostenibilidad

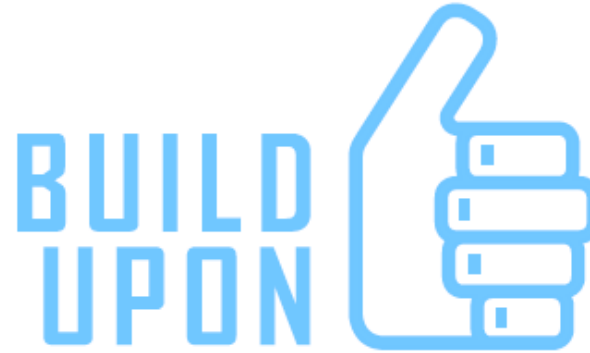
**GRUPO DE TRABAJO
SOBRE REHABILITACIÓN
GTR**

Coordinado por:



**FUNDACIÓN
CONAMA**

Grupo de Trabajo
por la
Rehabilitación



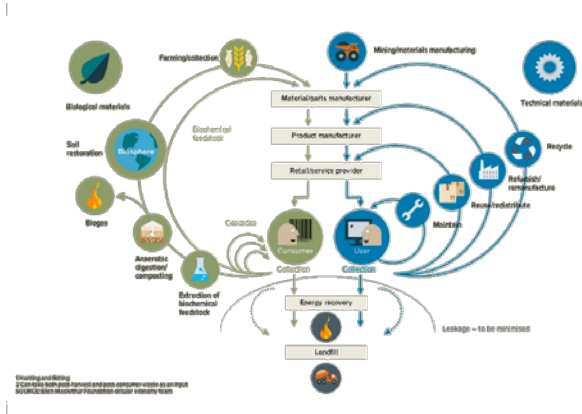
Comunidad de
actores para la
Estrategia Nacional
de Rehabilitación



Hoja de Ruta para
el Código Técnico



Impulsar la economía circular



Grupo de Estudio
Sobre Economía
Circular



Herramientas de
evaluación



Plataforma de
materiales

Impulsar nuevas herramientas



Guía
BIM-Sostenibilidad



Advancing Net Zero



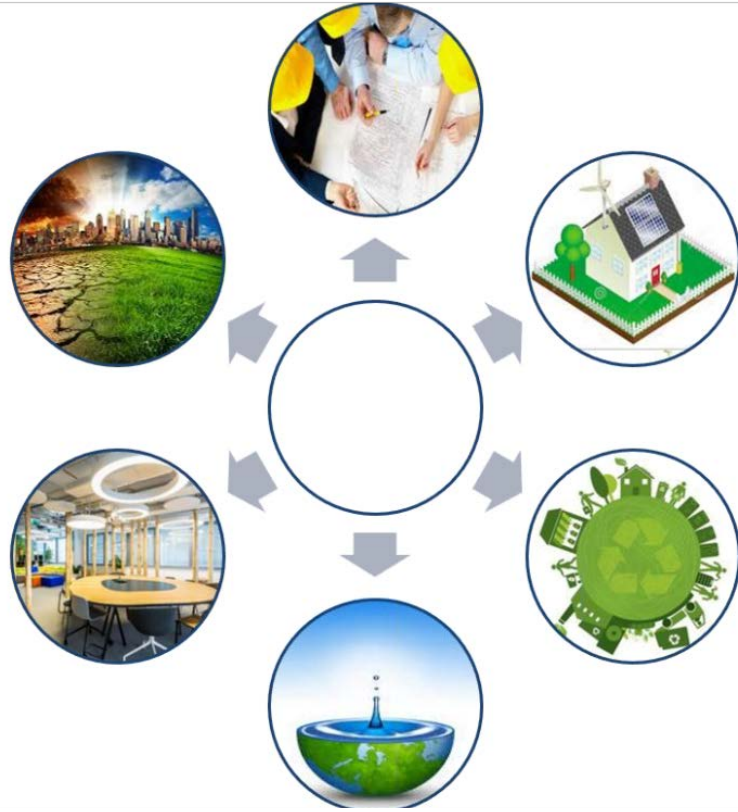
Una Hipoteca para la Eficiencia
Energética de los Edificios

Con la colaboración estratégica de:

Triodos Bank

Hipotecas
VERDES

Impulsar los objetivos europeos en sostenibilidad



- (s) Huella de carbono en el ciclo de vida
- (s) Uso eficiente de recursos naturales
- (s) Uso y gestión eficiente del agua
- (s) Espacios saludables y confortables
- (s) Adaptación al cambio climático
- (s) Coste de ciclo de vida y valor

Actividades



<https://gbce.es/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Informe-Anual-2018.pdf>

Advancing Net Zero

A World Green Building Council global project

WorldGBC definition:

A net zero carbon building is highly energy efficient with all remaining energy from on-site and/or off-site renewable sources

100% of buildings must operate at net zero carbon

2050

2030

All new buildings must operate at net zero carbon

GOVERNMENT ENGAGEMENT

TRAINING & EDUCATION

CORPORATE ENGAGEMENT

CERTIFICATION

Key Principles

1. Measure and disclose carbon

Carbon is the ultimate metric to track, and buildings must achieve an annual operational net zero carbon emissions balance based on metered data



2. Reduce energy demand

Prioritise energy efficiency to ensure that buildings are performing as efficiently as possible, and not wasting energy



3. Generate balance from renewables

Supply remaining demand from renewable energy sources, preferably on-site followed by off-site, or from offsets



4. Improve verification and rigour

Over time, progress to include embodied carbon and other impact areas such as zero water and zero waste



Clean Energy for All Europeans Package

What are our objectives?

Creating jobs & growth, bringing down greenhouse gas emissions, securing energy supply



Putting energy efficiency first



Demonstrating global leadership in renewables



Delivering a fair deal for consumers

What can we expect in terms of results?

2016
2030


The package presents a **dual opportunity** to speed up **decarbonisation** and to speed up **growth and job creation**.



Investment:

- extra 177bn EUR euros per year of investment from 2021 to meet 2030 climate & energy targets
- Crucial role for EFSI



Economic growth*:

- 1% increase in GDP
 - 190bn EUR into the economy
 - 900,000 new jobs
- *Upper end of estimates



Decarbonisation:

- Carbon intensity of the economy 57% lower in 2030 than in 2015
- 72% share of non-fossil fuels in electricity generation in 2030

POLICY CONCLUSIONS FOR 2030

Building renovation has to do more

- Review of EPBD
- Review of EED (target, Art. 7 EED)

Financing has a more important role to play

- Smart Finance for Smart Buildings

Digital/ICT has a big potential to contribute

- Development of a 'Smartness indicator for buildings'
- Review of Art. 9-11 EED

A smartness indicator will reflect the ability of buildings to:

1. adjust to the needs of the user and empower building occupants providing information on operational energy consumption (complementing the energy performance information provided in the EPCs);
2. ensure efficient and comfortable building operation, signal when systems need maintenance or repair; and
3. readiness of the building to participate in demand response, charge electric vehicles and host energy storage systems.

Focus on buildings



75% of the housing stock is energy inefficient, missing the benefits of increased renovation.



Renovation rates are too low and renovation depth is too shallow.



Need to accelerate and finance building renovation investments.



Tapping the potential of smart building technologies.

Main outcomes of the revised EPBD

A STRENGTHENED DIRECTIVE

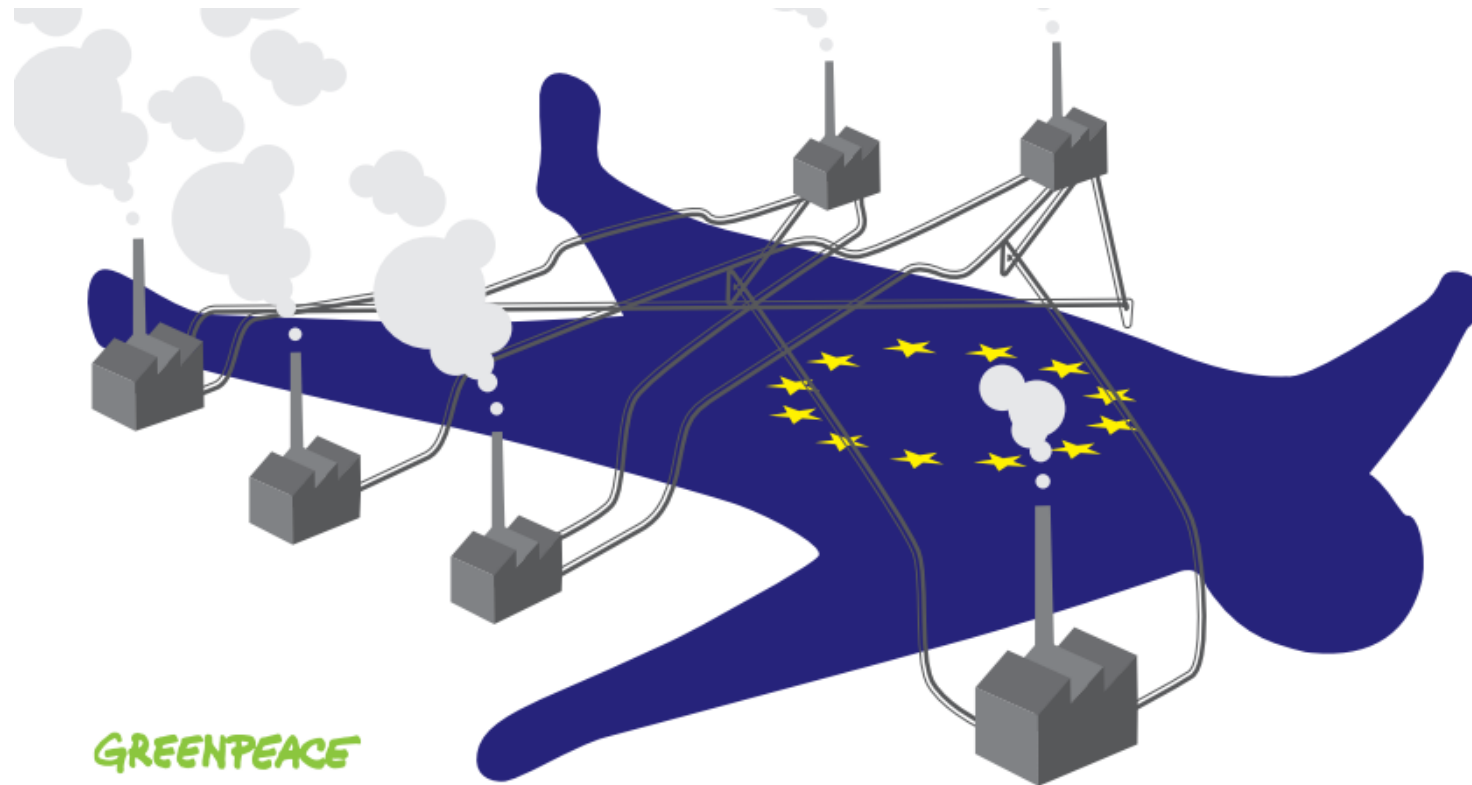
- ✓ Stronger **long term renovation strategies** for Member States to achieve net-zero decarbonisation by 2050 and with a solid financial component.
- ✓ Targeted support to **e-mobility** infrastructure.
- ✓ Higher thresholds for **inspection** and **certification** of air conditioning systems and reinforced provisions on **energy audits**.
- ✓ A **Smart Readiness** indicator for buildings.
- ✓ Stronger **requirements**.

Increased **transparency** of national building energy performance calculation methodologies.

Supportive of building renovation, by linking policy and financing to results.

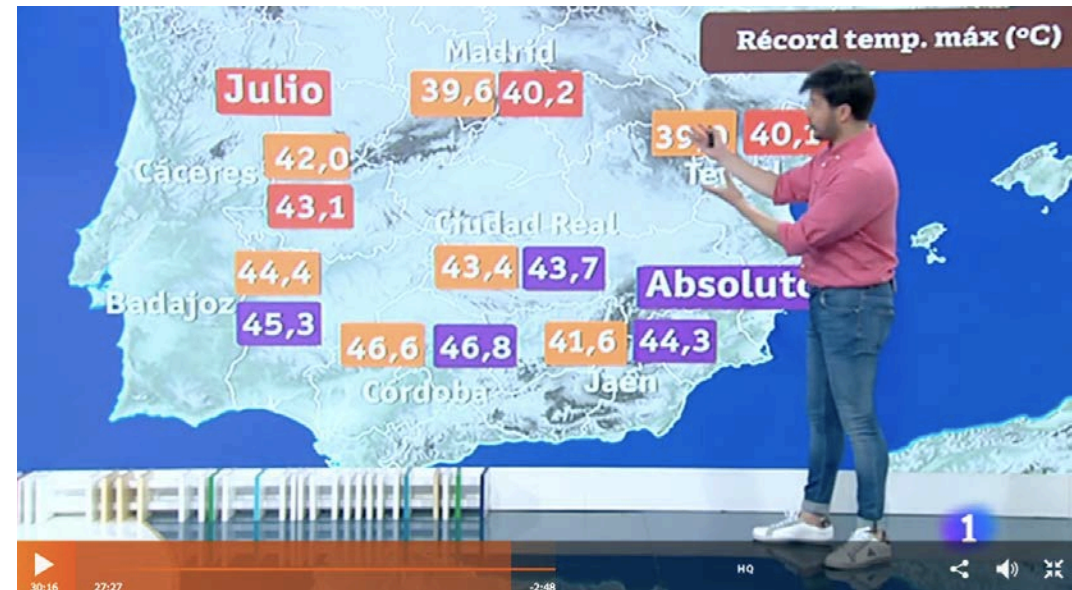
Smart, by ensuring the use of ICT and modern technologies,

Decarbonization of the building sector by 2050



GREENPEACE

Una civilización superficial



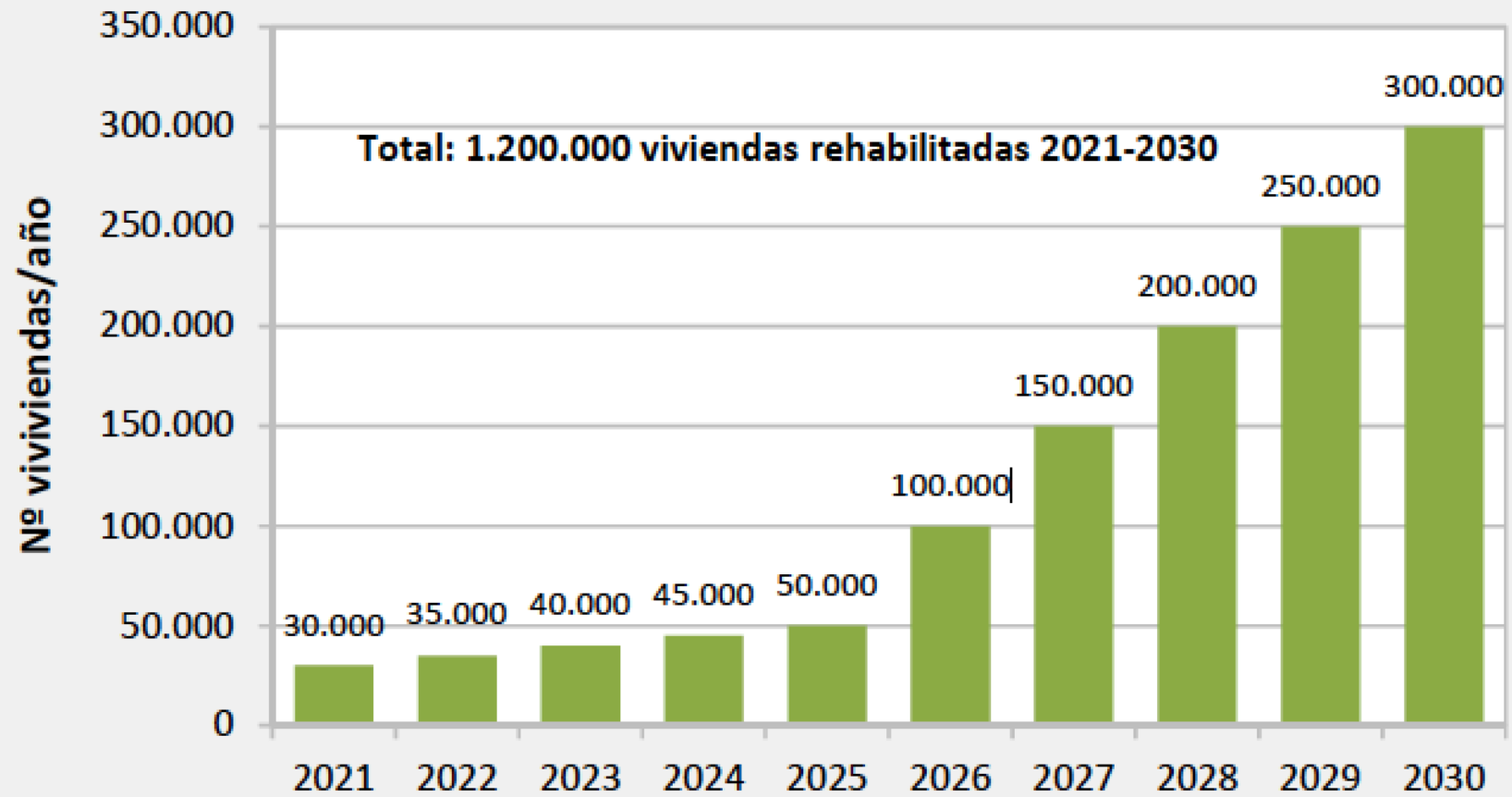
14 de Julio de 2017

Emilio MIGUEL MITRE

**Mi visión
de la
ciudad**



Figura 3.6. Previsión indicativa anual de viviendas rehabilitadas energéticamente 2021-2030



Fuente: Ministerio para la Transición Ecológica, 2019.

Medida 2.6 Rehabilitación residencial
Borrador Plan Nacional Integrado Energía y Clima

Agenda Urbana Española

AUE

ESPAÑA, 2017. Población residente: **46.557.008 personas.** El **80%** se asienta en zonas urbanas (9,6% del territorio) y el **18,7%** son mayores de 65 años)

Suelo artificial:
3,54%
Media europea:
4,13%

Ciudades planificadas (el **82,03%** de los municipios tiene Plan urbanístico general), con equipamientos, seguras, servidas con Infraestructuras y vividas por la ciudadanía.
Modelo compacto amenazado por la urbanización dispersa

Parque de viviendas:
25,2 mil, de las cuales el **22,2% en alquiler.**
Media europea: **30,8%**

¿QUÉ ES?

Un **documento estratégico** que pretende guiar las decisiones de los actores clave (públicas y privadas) en el desarrollo urbano sostenible.



2018 Proceso de elaboración

Grupos de trabajo

- De Expertos independientes
- Interministerial
- Con las CC-AA
- Con los Ayuntamientos
- Con el tercer sector
- Con la sociedad civil
- Con los profesionales
- Con el sector privado



Cronograma de la participación

Hasta septiembre de 2018



Punto de contacto

urbanismo@fomento.es



MARCO ESTRATÉGICO

Objetivo 1: Hacer un uso racional del suelo, conservarlo y protegerlo

Objetivo 2: Evitar la dispersión urbana y revitalizar la ciudad existente

Objetivo 3: Prevenir y reducir los efectos del cambio climático.

Objetivo 4: Hacer una gestión sostenible de los recursos y favorecer la economía circular.

Objetivo 5: Favorecer la proximidad y la movilidad sostenible.

Objetivo 6: Fomentar la cohesión social y buscar la equidad.

Objetivo 7: Impulsar y favorecer la Economía Urbana.

Objetivo 8: Garantizar el acceso a la Vivienda.

Objetivo 9: Liderar y fomentar la innovación digital.

Objetivo 10: Mejorar los instrumentos de intervención y la gobernanza.



LA AGENDA URBANA ESPAÑOLA Y EL FUTURO DEL DESARROLLO URBANO SOSTENIBLE



SET-PLAN

10 RESEARCH AND INNOVATION ACTIONS ALIGNED TO THE ENERGY UNION OBJECTIVES



ENERGY UNION
Ensure that Europe has secure, sustainable, competitive and affordable energy.

The European Commission adopted a revised SET-Plan in 2015. It aims at:

- More integrated approach for research and innovation in the field of low-carbon energy,
- Stronger cooperation among the European Commission, EU countries & Iceland, Norway, Switzerland and Turkey, and stakeholders.

* It should be recalled that financial support (if any) via the Euratom Research and Training Programme is restricted to research addressing safety, waste management, radiation protection as well as education and training, in accordance with the underlying legal framework.

Research and Innovation

FIND OUT MORE
http://ec.europa.eu/priorities/energy-union-and-climate_en
<https://setis.ec.europa.eu/>
<https://ec.europa.eu/energy/en/topics/technology-and-innovation/strategic-energy-technology-plan>

Targets and implementation

Following the [consultative process](#) launched in 2016 identifying key priorities and setting targets for each of the ten key actions, which led to the endorsement of highly ambitious goals by the SET-Plan community, eleven [implementation plans](#) have been adopted until January 2018 in these areas:

- Concentrated Solar Power/Solar Thermal Electricity
- Energy Efficiency in Industry
- Carbon Capture Storage and Use (CCS/U)
- Photovoltaic Energy
- Global Battery Sector to Drive E-Mobility
- Energy Systems
- Deep Geothermal Energy
- Ocean Energy
- Bioenergy and Renewable Fuels
- Offshore Wind
- Positive Energy Districts

They include specific R&I actions needed to achieve those targets. This process is steered by the SET-Plan countries in close cooperation with the Commission with a very active involvement of European research and industry stakeholders.



SETIS

Strategic Energy Technologies Information System

European Commission > SETIS > Newsroom > Recent News > Three new SET-Plan Implementation Plans have...



SETIS in the Energy
Union landscape

Actions towards implementing
the Integrated SET Plan

Low Carbon Energy
Technologies

Publications

Calendar



Three new SET-Plan Implementation Plans have been endorsed

19/02/2018



During the last SET Plan Steering Group meeting on the 13th June 2018, three new Implementation Plans were approved. One in the context of the ***Initiative for Global Leadership in Wind Energy***, another on ***Bioenergy and Renewable Fuels for Sustainable Transport*** and the last one on ***Europe to become a global role model in integrated, innovative solutions for the planning, deployment, and replication of Positive Energy Districts***.

Find the relevant Implementation Plans [here](#)



Archive



Newsroom



Toolbox

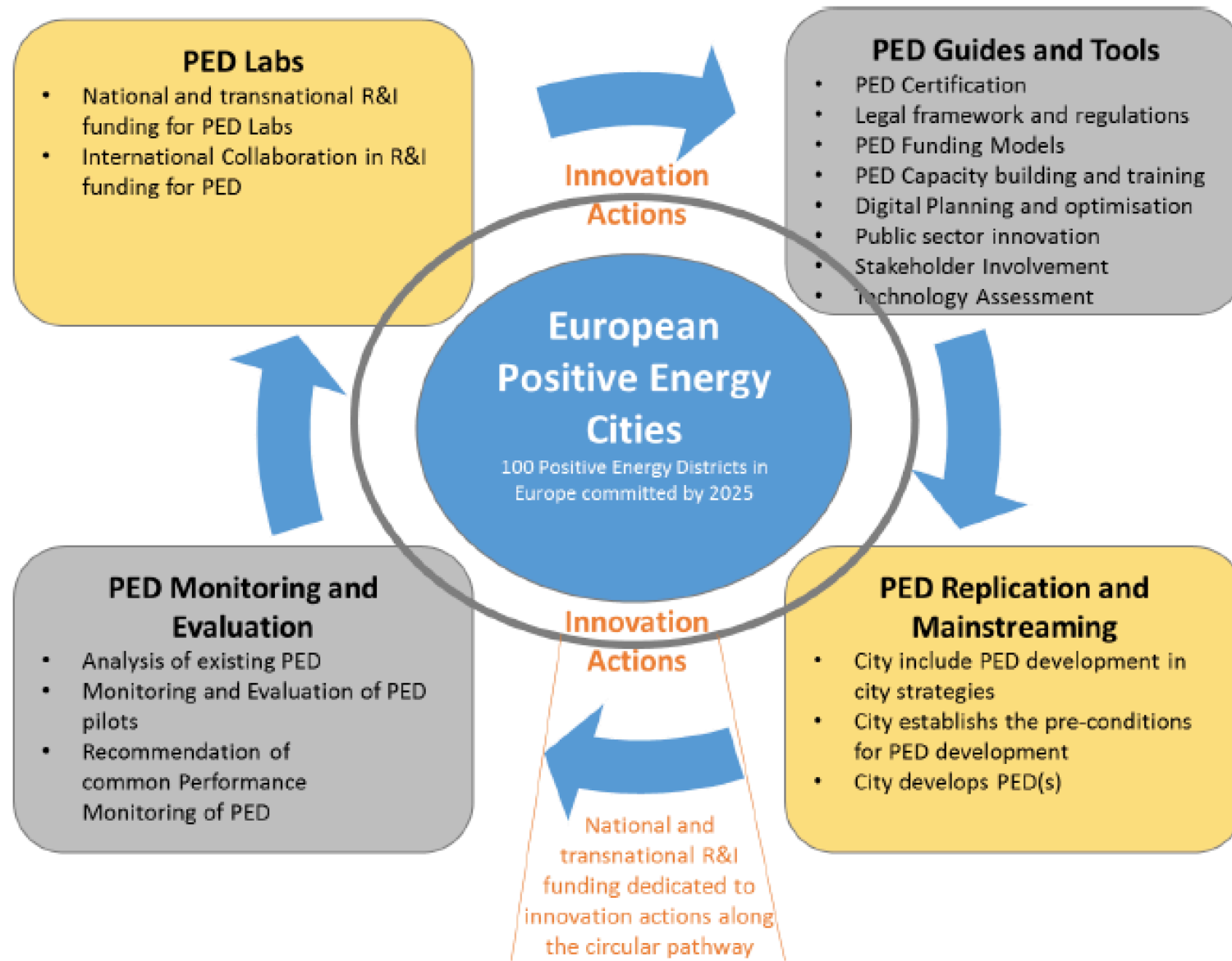


Figure 2: Pathways to Positive Energy Districts in Europe

Positive Energy Districts



Europe to become a global role model in integrated, innovative solutions for the planning, deployment, and replication of Positive Energy Districts

Endorsed by the SET Plan Steering Group members in June 2018



Figure 1: Countries involved in the TWG 3.2. Smart Cities and Communities

SET PLAN 3.2 WORKING GROUP: 100 POSITIVE ENERGY DISTRICTS IN EU BY 2025

► Positive Energy Districts



Europe to become a global role model in integrated, innovative solutions for the planning, deployment, and replication of Positive Energy Districts

Endorsed by the SET Plan Steering Group members in June 2018



SET PLAN 3.2 WORKING GROUP: 100 POSITIVE ENERGY DISTRICTS IN EU BY 2025



This project has received funding from the Horizon 2020 programme under grant agreement n°824418. The content of this presentation reflects only the author's view. The European Commission and INEA are not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.



Lighthouse helps city transformation

Guidance of EU cities
Urban Transformation
More sustainable places
Citizens as the core of city

... be Lighthouse cities



LIGHTHOUSE cities in LIGHTHOUSE projects...



Lighthouse initiative in H2020

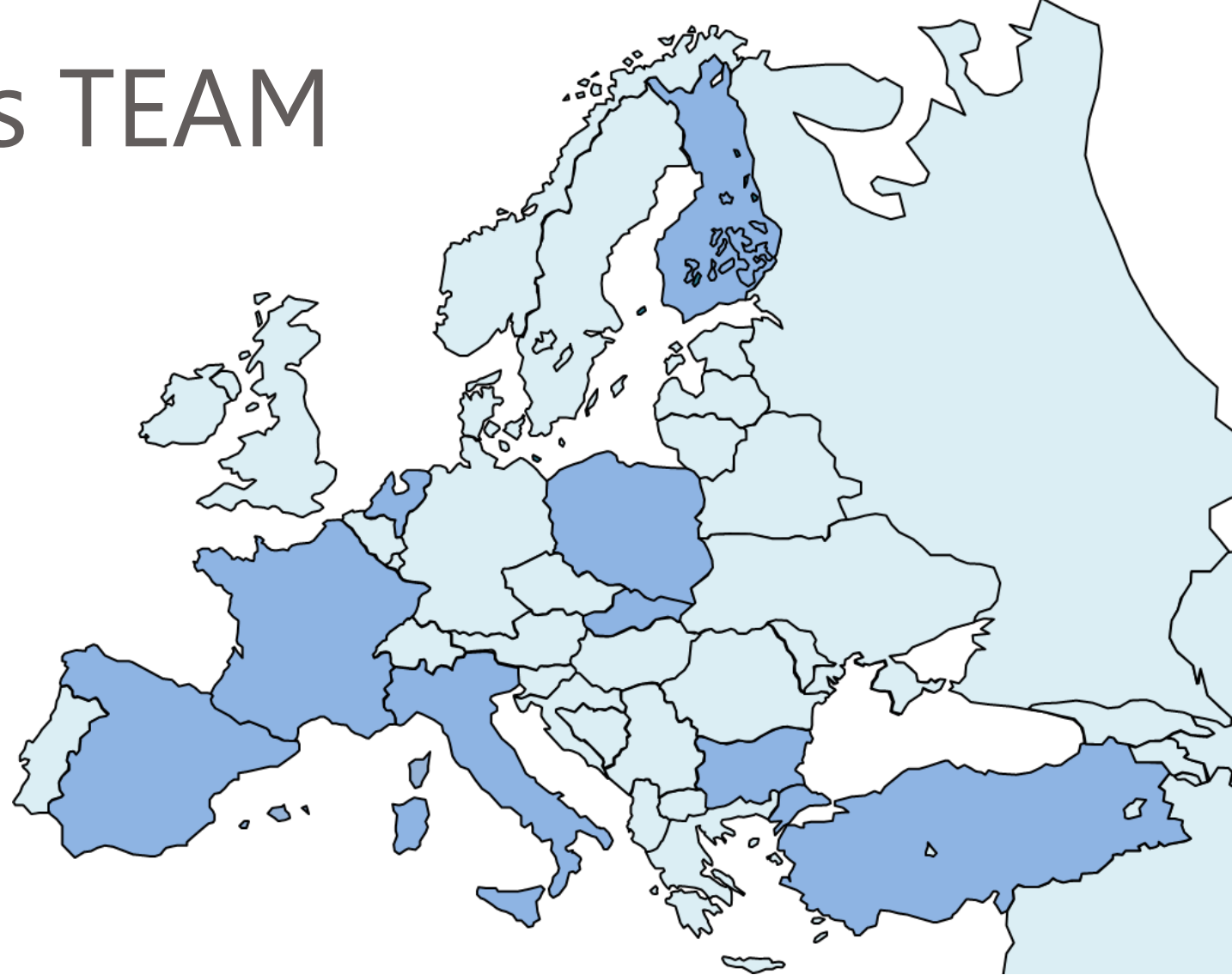
| | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|--|---|
| SCC1 - 2014 |  triangulum DEMONSTRATE · DISSEMINATE · REPLICATE |  | | |
| SCC1 - 2015 |  REPLICATE |  smar+ en ci+y |  SMARTER TOGETHER |  +CITYXCHANGE |
| SCC1 - 2016 |  my SMART Life |  RUGGEDISED |  Making City | SCC1 - 2018 |
| SCC1 - 2017 |  MATCHUP |  IRIS Smart cities |  STARDUST Enlightening european cities | |



This project has received funding from the Horizon 2020 programme under grant agreement n°824418. The content of this presentation reflects only the author's view. The European Commission and INEA are not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.



Today's TEAM



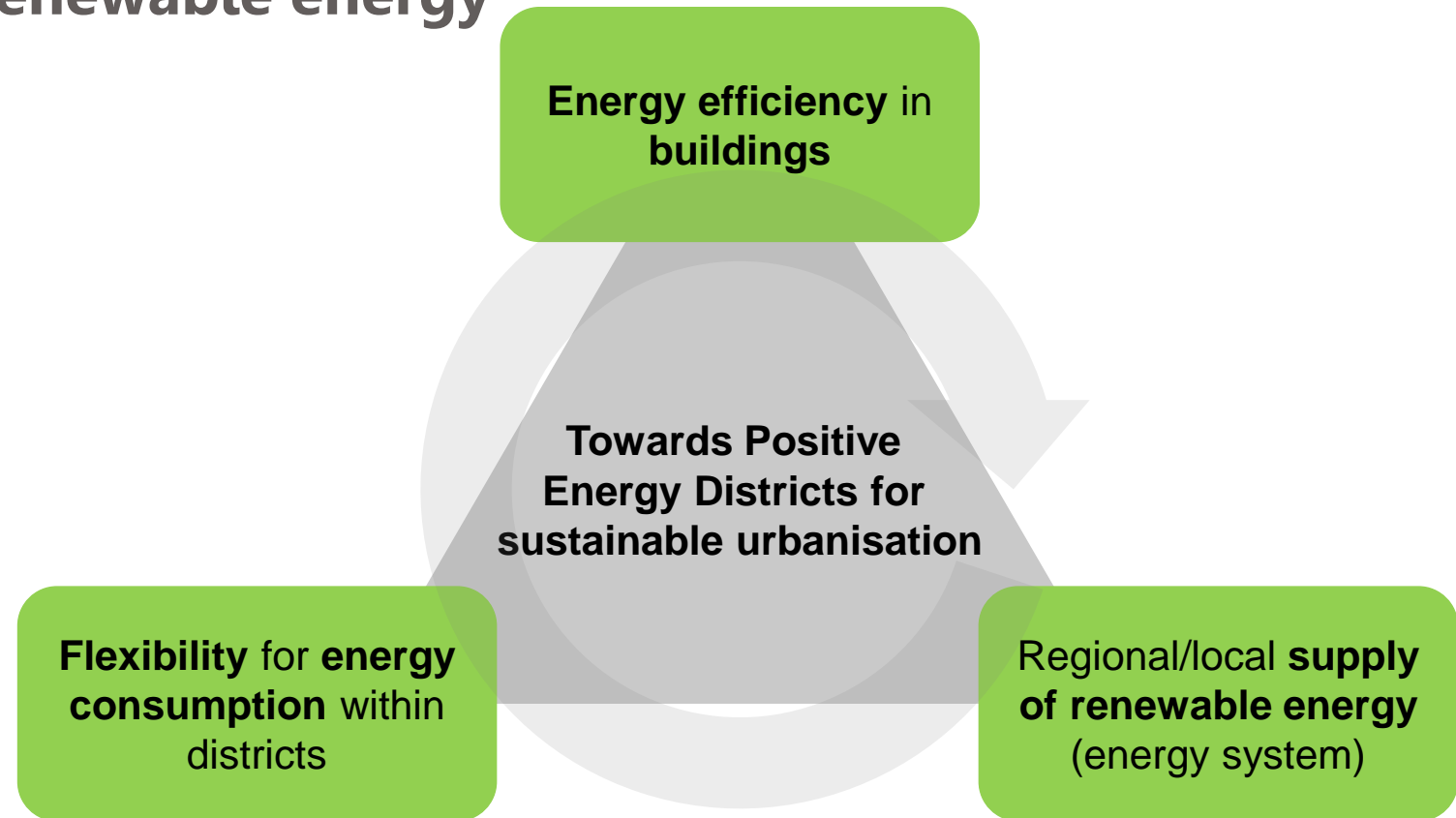
MAKING-CITY main objective

- ▶ Develop of **new integrated strategies** to address the **urban energy system transformation** towards **low carbon cities**,
- ▶ with the PED approach as the core of the urban energy transition pathway.



PED concept

- ▶ A PED is seen as a district with **annual net zero energy import**, and **net zero CO2 emission** working towards an annual **local surplus production of renewable energy**



transition into PEDs



- Mix of uses and storage are key elements to ensure **flexibility** and **coupling demand and production**
- There are still important social, economic and regulatory **barriers** that prevent the full deployment of nZEB, nZED and PED concepts
- New technologies are still needed (as RES, storage or ICTs) but technology is not the main barrier
- **Engagement of users** is essential to ensure the success of Positive Energy Districts

Actions



OULU

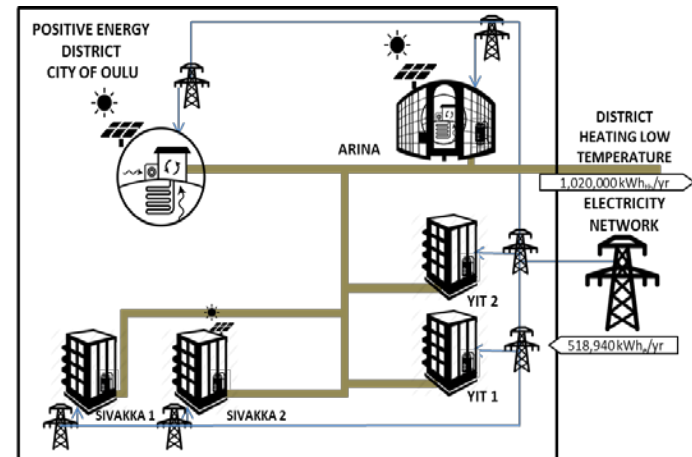
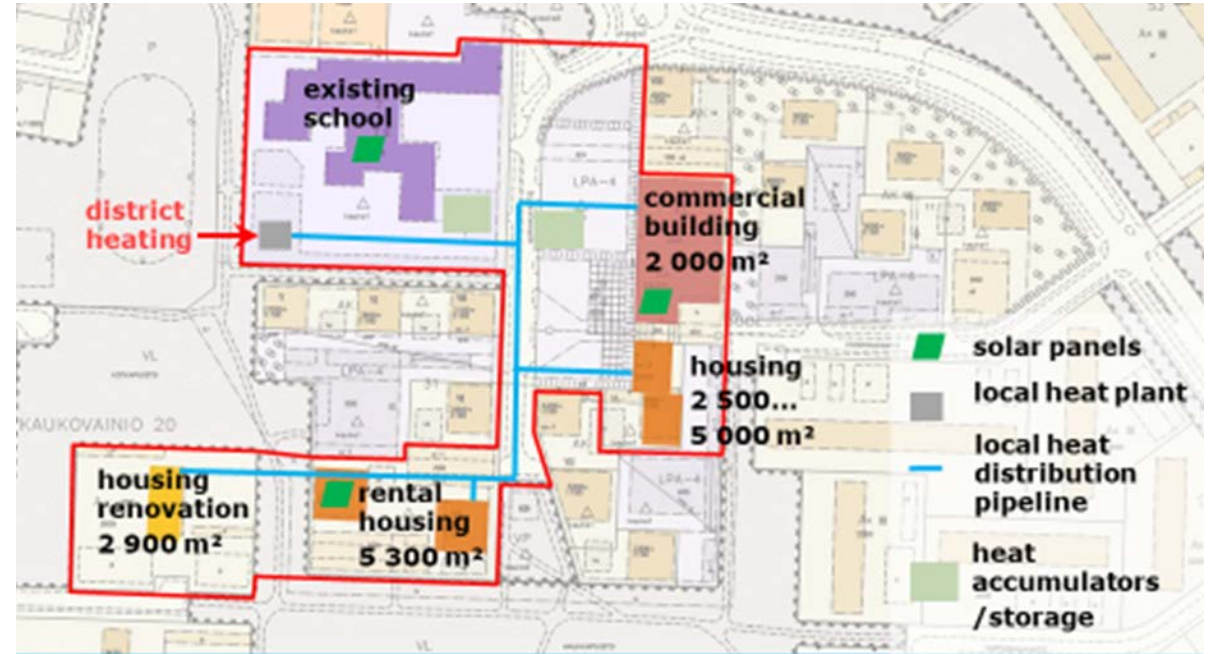
KAUKOVAINIO
district



GRONINGEN

Groningen
NORTH

Groningen
SOUTHEAST



- New buildings + Retrofitting
- Energy retrofitting in buildings
 - Windows
 - Low T^a heat system
 - Heat recovery
- Solar PV
- Heat pumps
- Phase transfer thermal Storage

Actions



OULU

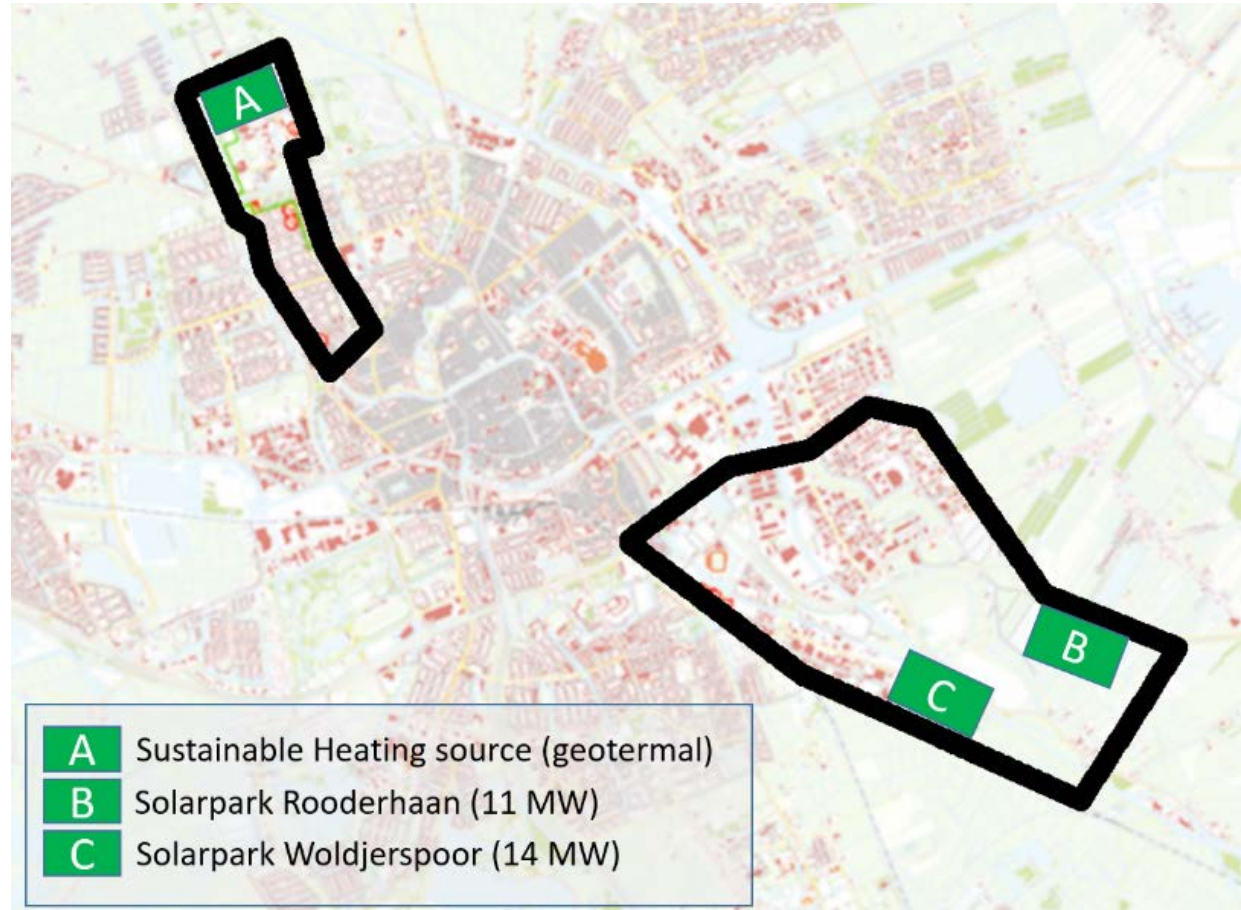
KAUKOVAINIO
district



GRONINGEN

Groningen
NORTH

Groningen
SOUTHEAST



Actions



OULU

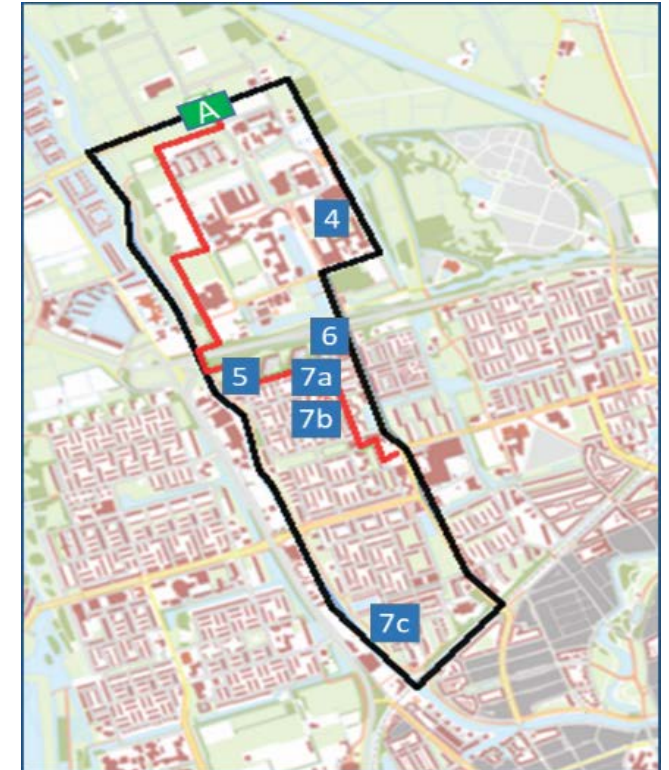
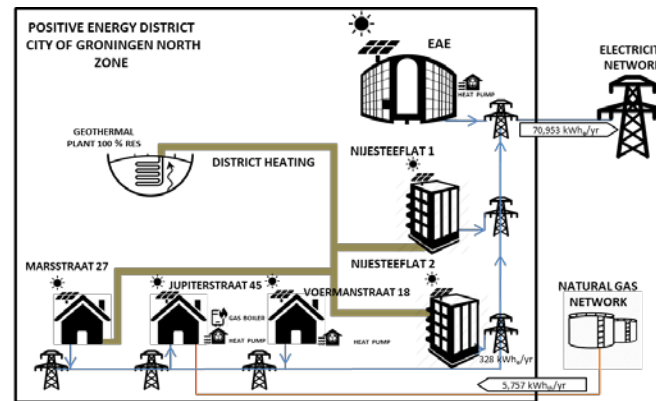
KAUKOVAINIO district



GRONINGEN

Groningen NORTH

Groningen SOUTHEAST

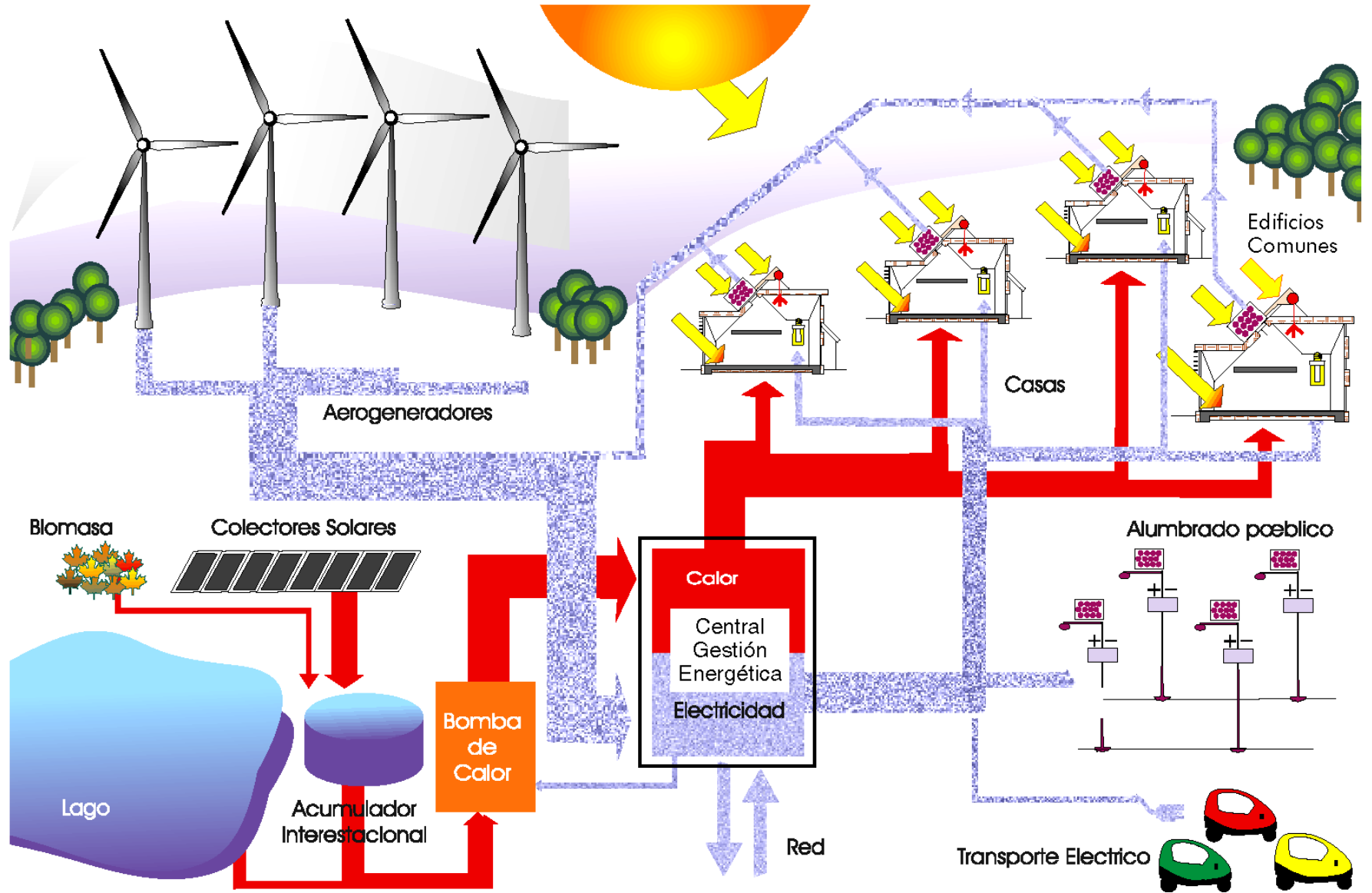


- A** Sustainable Heating source (geothermal)
- 4** Energy Academy Europe (9,636 m²)
- 5** Nijestee Highrise 1 (3,748 m²)
- 6** Nijestee Highrise 2 (3,748 m²)
- 7a** Terrace 1 (Marsstraat 27, 112m²)
- 7b** Terrace 2 (Jupiterstraat 45, 135 m²)
- 7c** Terrace 3 (Voermanstraat, 120 m²)

- New buildings + Retrofitting
- Energy retrofitting in buildings
 - Façade & Roof insulation
- PVT, PV in roof and parking lot, BIPV
- Geothermal
- Heat pumps
- Thermal Storage
- Electro Storage



ESQUEMA ENERGETICO GENERAL DE LA CIUDAD BIOCLIMATICA DE ZOLINA (NAVARRA, PAMPLONA)



Planeamiento energético urbano integrado 1995

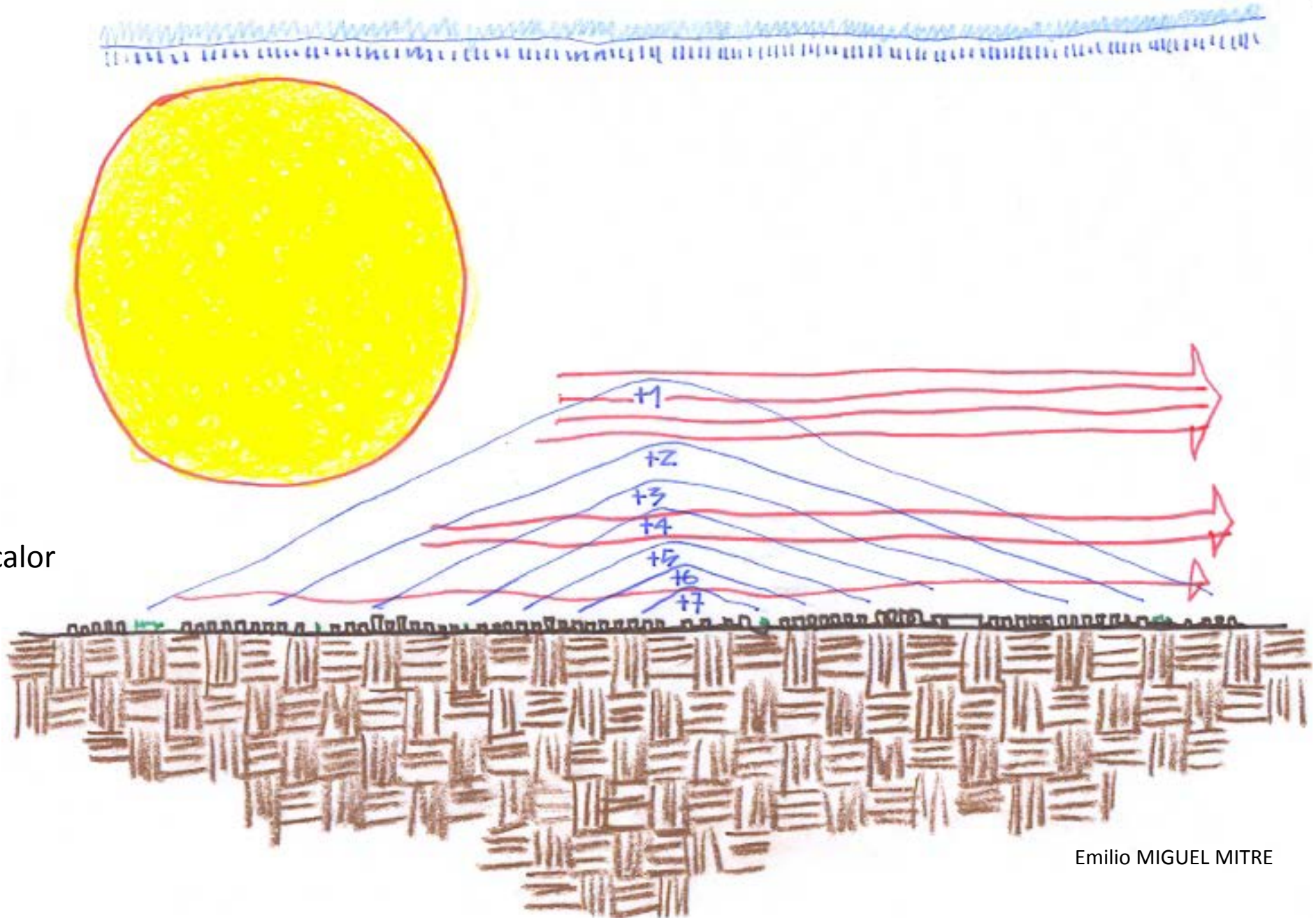
Emilio MIGUEL MITRE



Sostenibilidad
en el
Centro
de
Madrid
2000



Fuentes
y
sumideros de calor

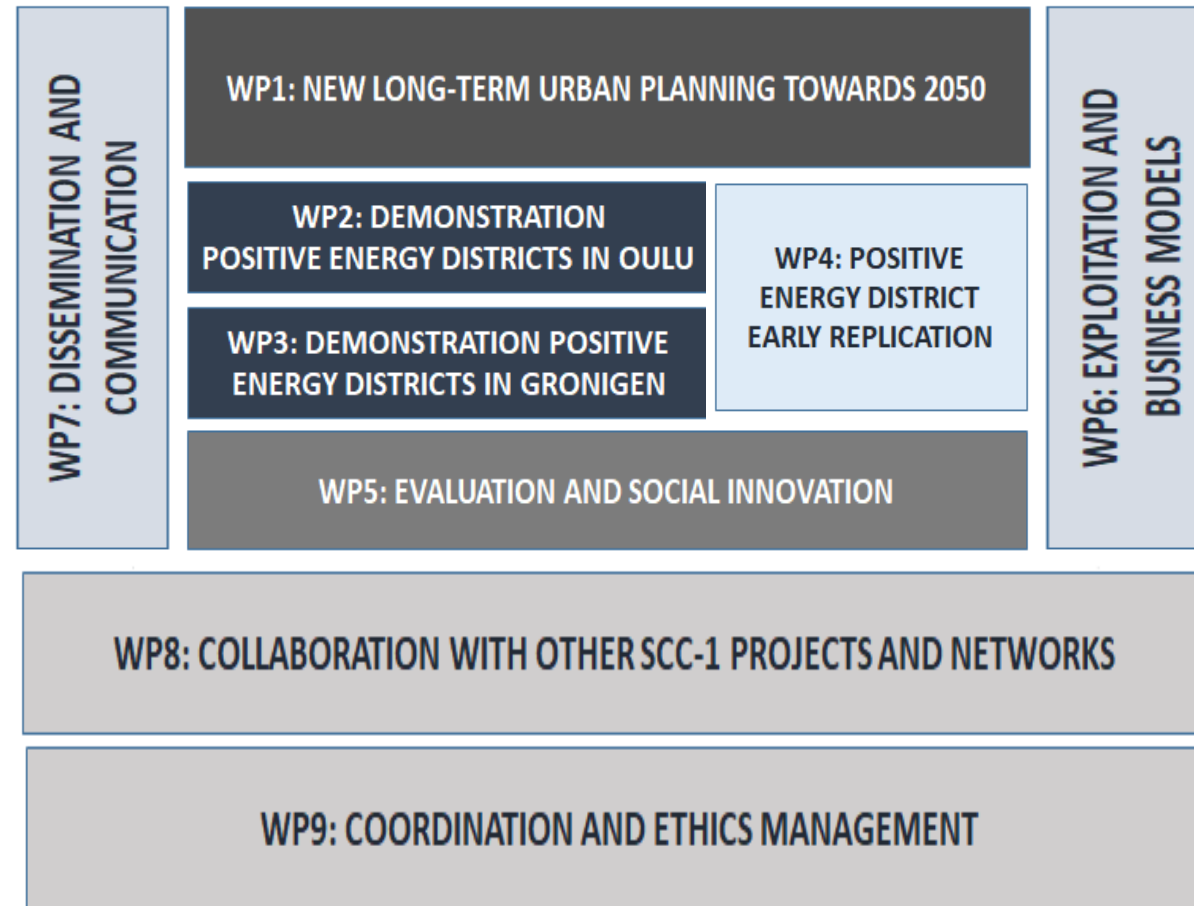


El Centro
de
Madrid
bajo el sol

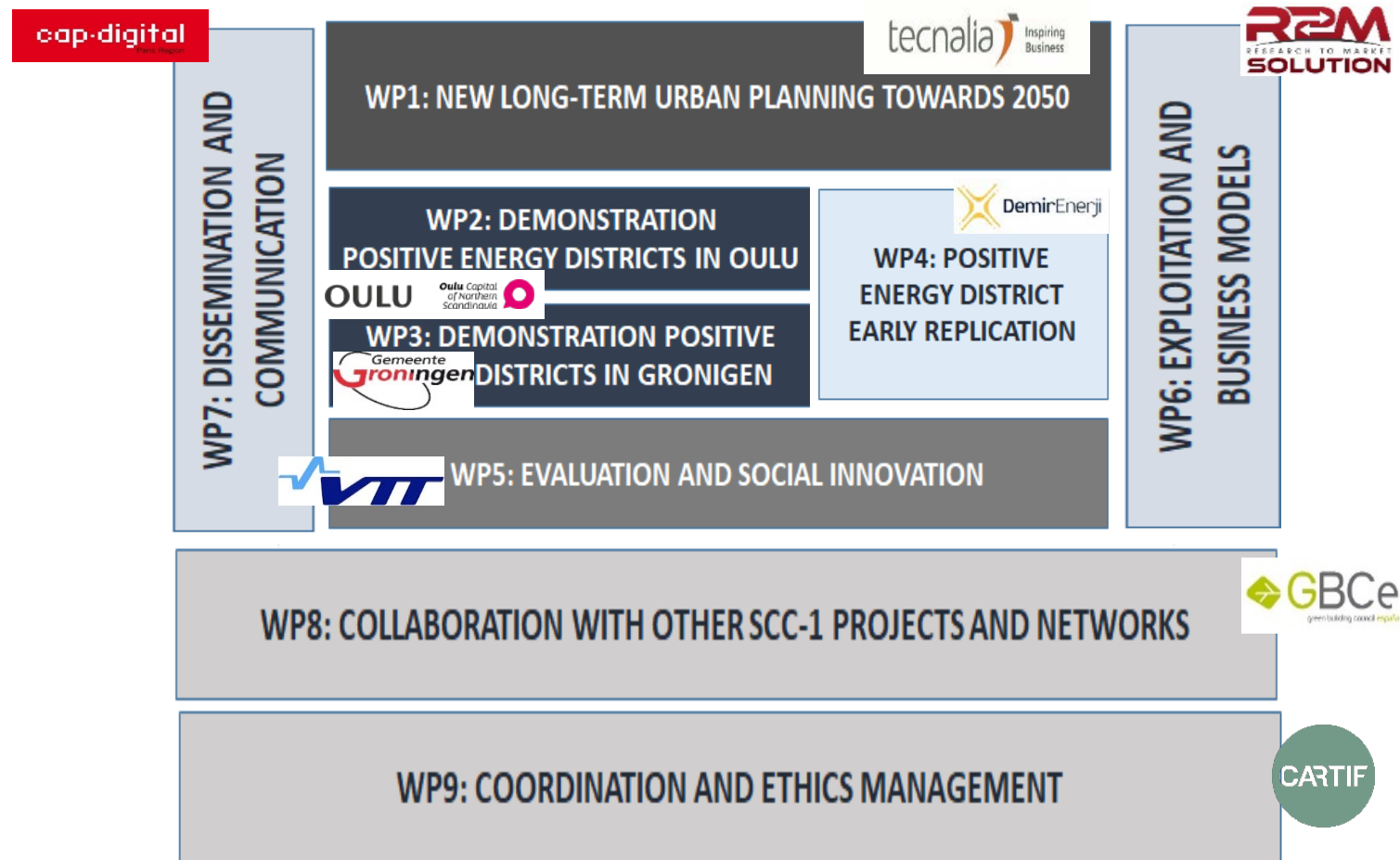
Agua y
simbiosis vegetal !!!



MAKING-CITY work-plan



MAKING-CITY work-plan



Imagine
we all
lived
in a
single home
with
one
envelope

Emilio MIGUEL MITRE

